

Hexadecimal	Binary	Decimal
0	0000	0
1	0001	1
2	0010	2
3	0011	3
4	0100	4
5	0101	5
6	0110	6
7	0111	7
8	1000	8
9	1001	9
A	1010	10
B	1011	11
C	1100	12
D	1101	13
E	1110	14
F	1111	15

Number	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Binary	0000	0001	0010	0011	0100	0101	0110	0111
Hexadecimal	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Number	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Binary	1000	1001	1010	1011	1100	1101	1110	1111
Hexadecimal	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F

Circuit Globe

0 1 0 1 0 0 0 1

128 64 32 16 8 4 2 1

0 + 64 + 0 + 16 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 1

$$64 + 16 + 1 = 81$$

Class	First Octet Range	Default Subnet Mask	Max Hosts	Format
A	1-126	255.0.0.0	16M	
B	128-191	255.255.0.0	64K	
C	192-223	255.255.255.0	254	
D	224-239	N/A	N/A	
E	240-255	N/A	N/A	

IP address Classes

Class	# Network Bits	# Hosts Bits	Decimal Address Range	Subnet mask
Class A	8 bits	24 bits	1-126	255.0.0.0
Class B	16 bits	16 bits	128-191	255.255.0.0
Class C	24 bits	8 bits	192-223	255.255.255.0
Class D	Reserved for Multicasting		224-239	N/A
Class E	Reserved for R. & D		240-255	N/A

CLASS A (1-126)

Default subnet mask = 255.0.0.0

Subnets/Hosts			
Network	Host	Host	Host
255	0	0	0

CLASS B (128-191)

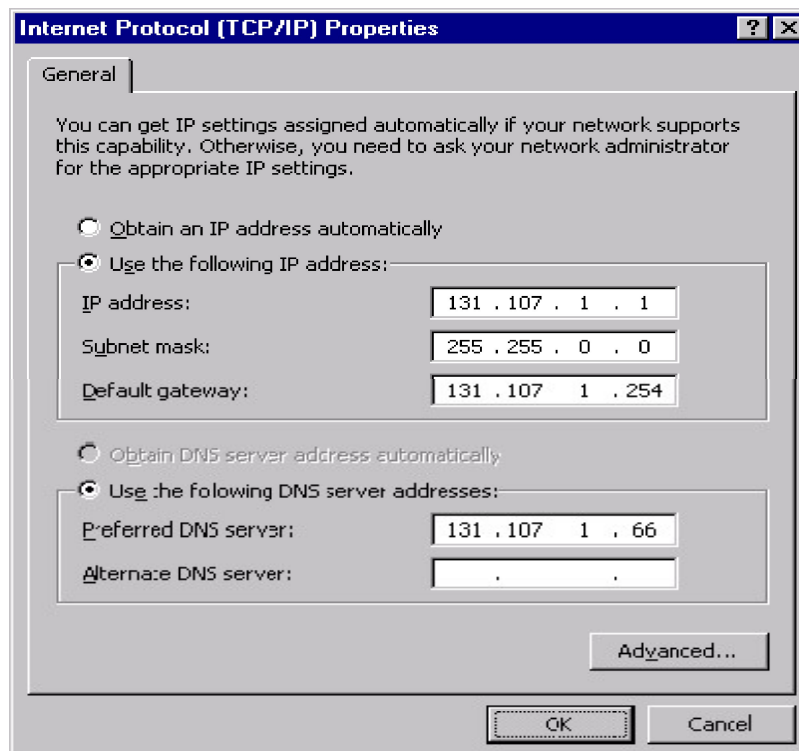
Default subnet mask = 255.255.0.0

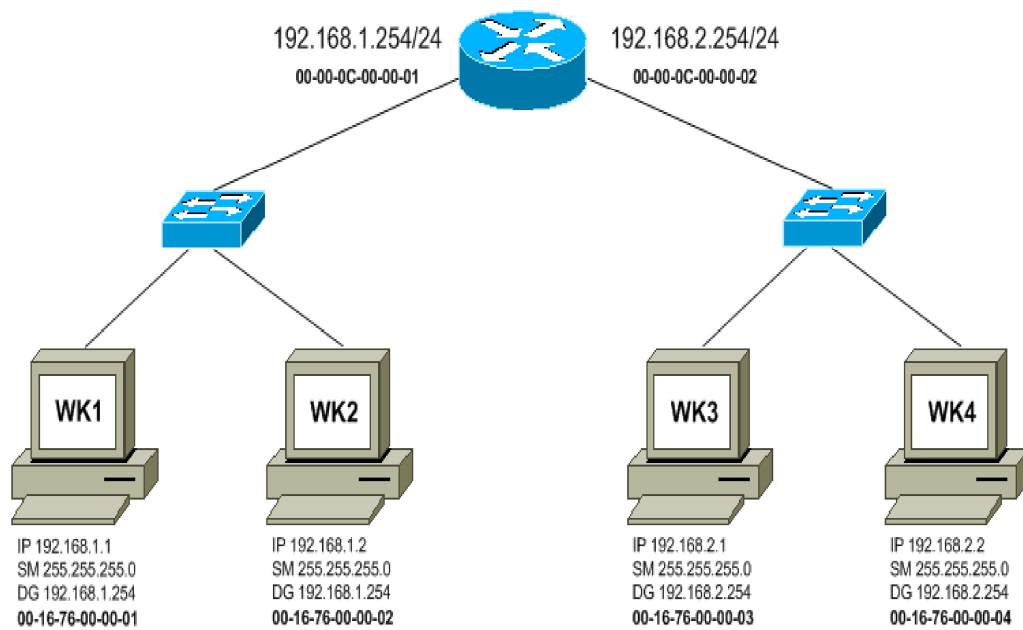
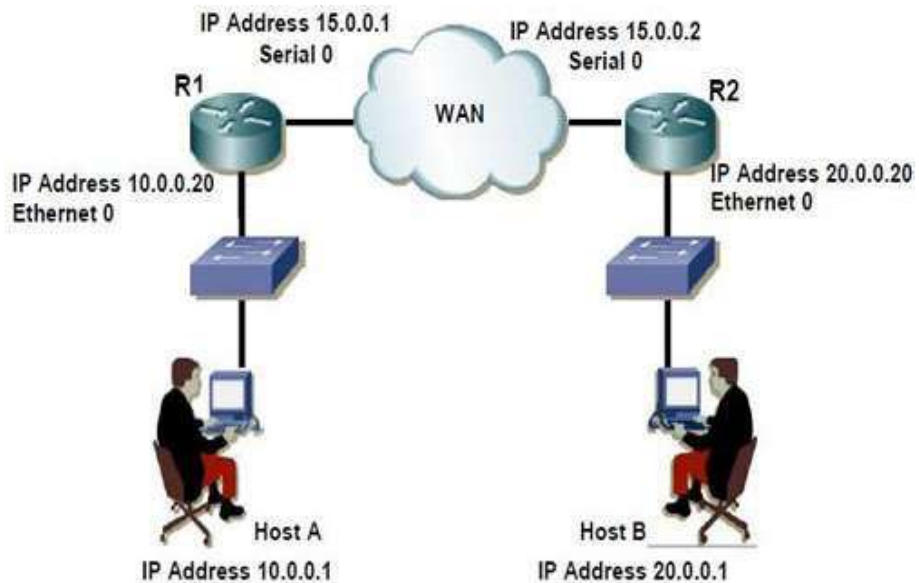
Subnets/Hosts			
Network	Network	Host	Host
255	255	0	0

CLASS C (192-223)

Default subnet mask = 255.255.255.0

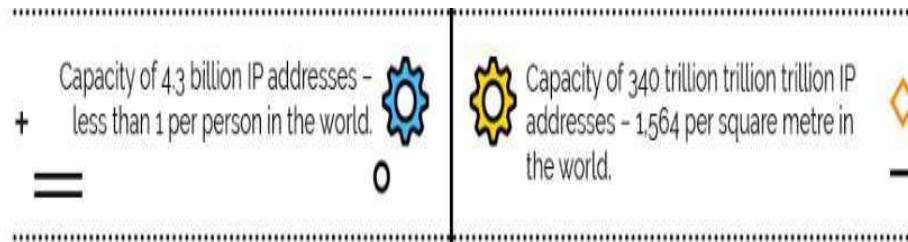
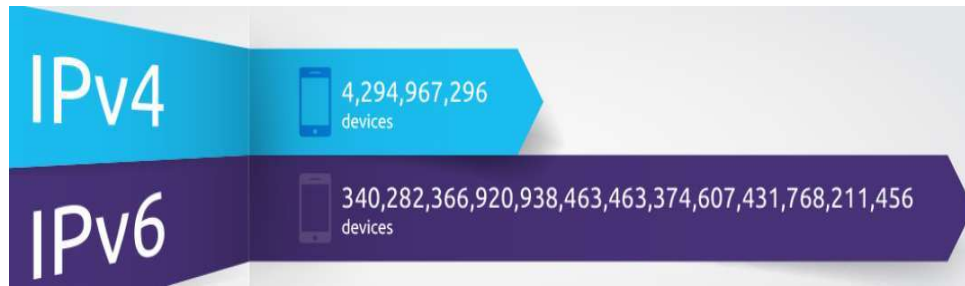
Subnets/Hosts			
Network	Network	Network	Host
255	255	255	0





255 . 255 . 255 . 0
 1 1 1 11111. 1 1 1 11111. 1 1 1 11111. 0 0 0 00000
 128 64 32 16 8 4 2 1. 128 64 32 16 8 4 2 1. 128 64 32 16 8 4 2 1. 128 64 32 16 8 4 2 1

	Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4)	Internet Protocol version 6 (IPv6)
Deployed	1981	1999
Address Size	32-bit number	128-bit number
Address Format	Dotted Decimal Notation: 192.149.252.76	Hexadecimal Notation: 3FFE:F200:0234:AB00: 0123:4567:8901:ABCD
Prefix Notation	192.149.0.0/24	3FFE:F200:0234::/48
Number of Addresses	$2^{32} = \sim 4,294,967,296$	$2^{128} = \sim 340,282,366,920,938,463,463,374,607,431,768,211,456$



IPv6: Address Compression

- Drop leading 0s in each group
 $2001:0db8:0000:0000:0000:0053:0000:0004$
 becomes
 $2001:db8:0:0:0:53:0:4$
- Replace the first group of 0s with ::
 $2001:0db8:0000:0000:0000:0053:0000:0004$
 becomes
 $2001:db8::53:0:4$
- Only one set of :: can exist in an address

WEP Replacement

➤ WPA

- Intermediate solution by Wifi-Alliance
- Use TKIP (Temporal Key Integrity Protocol)
 - Based on WEP
- Hardware change not required
- Firmware update

Personal

PSK

Enterprise

802.1x + Radius

➤ WPA2

- Long Term Solution
- Use CCMP (Counter Mode Cipher Block Chaining Message Authentication Code Protocol)
 - Based on AES
- Hardware Change Require

Personal

PSK

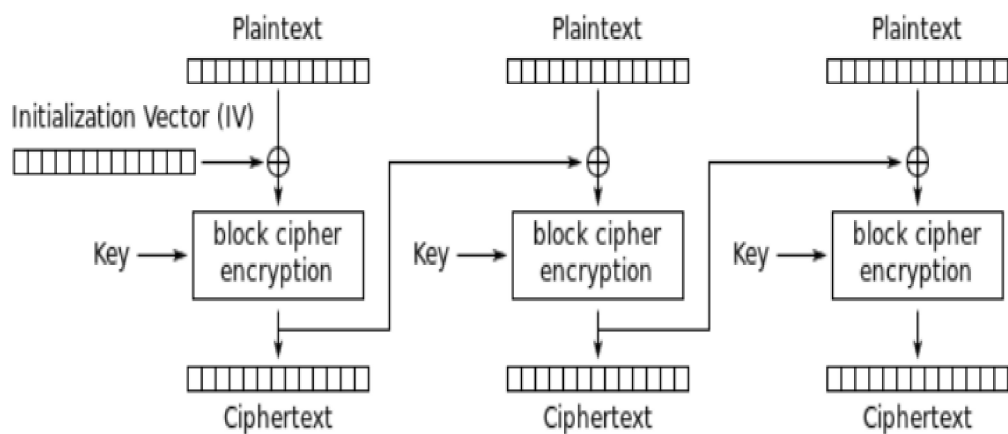
Enterprise

802.1x + Radius

802.11 Wireless Standards

IEEE Standard	802.11a	802.11b	802.11g	802.11n	802.11ac
Year Adopted	1999	1999	2003	2009	2014
Frequency	5 GHz	2.4 GHz	2.4 GHz	2.4/5 GHz	5 GHz
Max. Data Rate	54 Mbps	11 Mbps	54 Mbps	600 Mbps	1 Gbps
Typical Range Indoors*	100 ft.	100 ft.	125 ft.	225 ft.	90 ft.
Typical Range Outdoors*	400 ft.	450 ft.	450 ft.	825 ft.	1,000 ft.

	Authentication	Encryption	Suitable for corporate WAN	Suitable for home and small business WLAN
WEP	none	WEP	poor	less than good
WPA (PSK)	PSK	TKIP	poor	best
WPA2 (PSK)	PSK	AES-CCMP	poor	best
WPA (full)	802.1x	TKIP	better	good (expensive)
WPA2 (full)	802.1x	AES-CCMP	best	good (expensive)



Cipher Block Chaining (CBC) mode encryption

IPSec Environment

